

Response of Tungsten to High Temperature Implantation of D<sup>+</sup> and He<sup>+</sup>

> R.F. Radel & G.L. Kulcinski HAPL Meeting-NRL March 3rd, 2005

> Fusion Technology Institute University of Wisconsin-Madison

Objective of UW Study of Tungsten Coatings



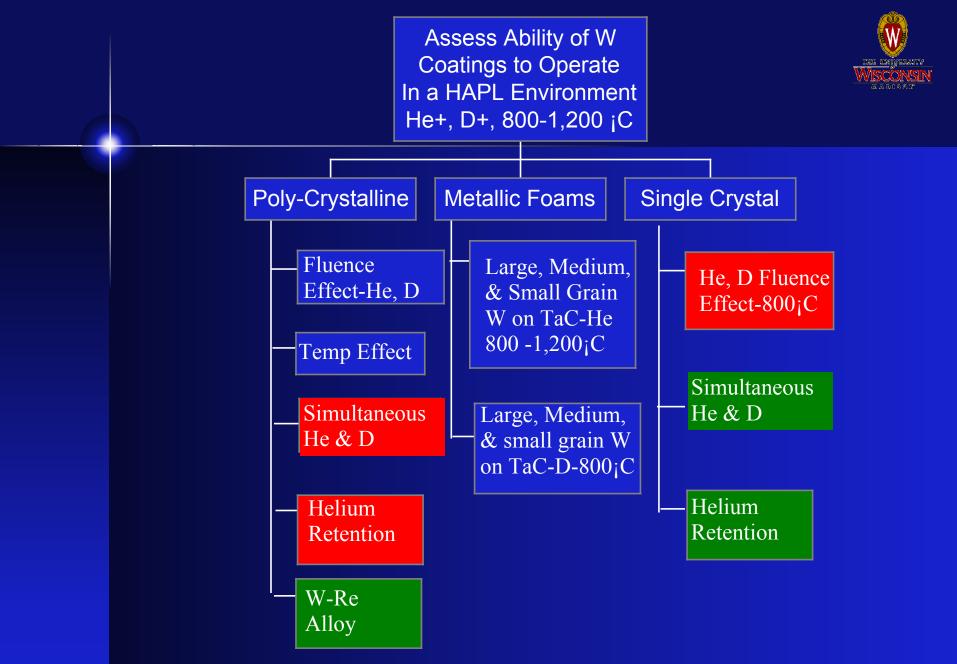
To determine the effect of helium and deuterium implantation on the surface morphology of tungsten at high temperatures

- Why: To evaluate whether tungsten will serve as a suitable material for the HAPL first wall
- **How:** Use IEC device to irradiate materials with He<sup>+</sup> and D<sup>+</sup> ions. Then use Scanning Electron Microscopy and Elastic Recoil Detection to determine morphology and retention rates of He and D.

# UW IEC Chamber has Capability of High-

### D<sup>+</sup>, 20 kV, 5 mA 2 mtorr, 1100 °C



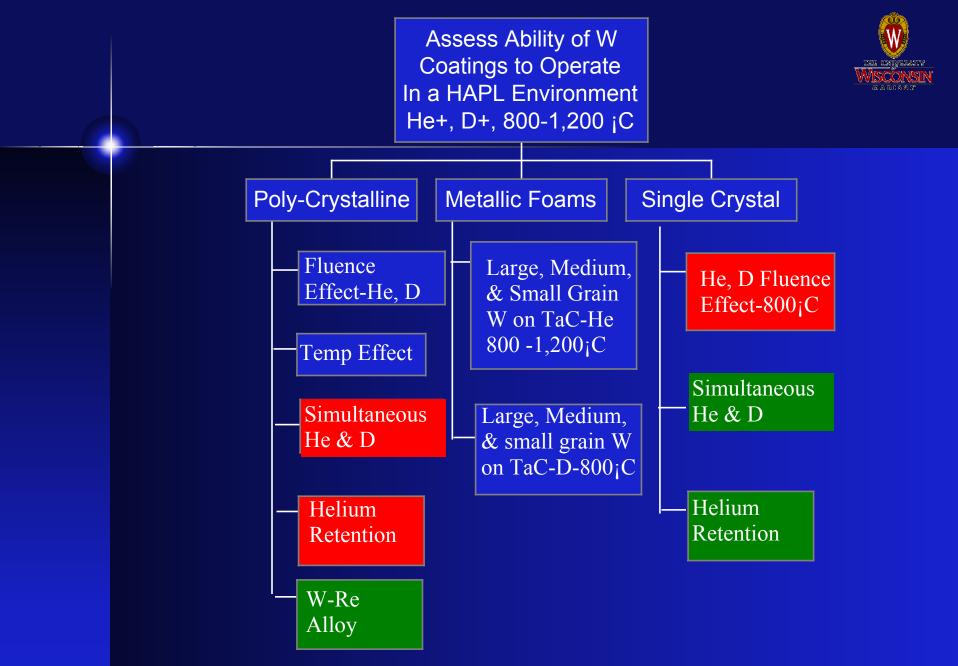


### High Temperature He<sup>+</sup> Implantation Resulted in Porous Surface Structure in Large Grain W-coated TaC

# As Received – Large Grain W Irradiated at 800 °C um



Large Grain W-coated TaC Sample Irradiated at 800 °C with a 6x10<sup>17</sup> He<sup>+</sup>/cm<sup>2</sup> Fluence Ref. HAPL Chamber Operation for ~8 hours



# **Progress Since the Last Meeting**

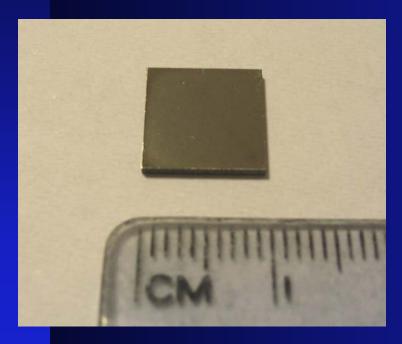


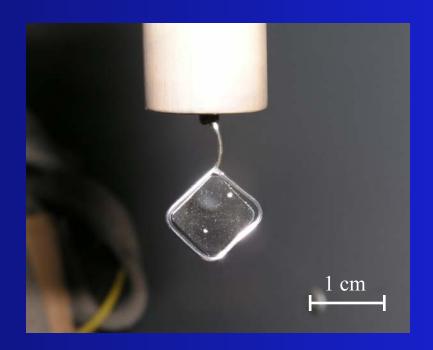
- He<sup>+</sup> Fluence scans were performed on polycrystalline tungsten at 800 °C
- He<sup>+</sup> Fluence scans were performed on single crystal tungsten at 800 °C
- Simultaneous He<sup>+</sup> and D<sup>+</sup> Fluence scans were performed on polycrystalline tungsten at 800 °C
- Elastic Recoil Detections was used to examine the retention rates and depth profiles of He<sup>+</sup> and D<sup>+</sup> in tungsten samples



# Two Types of Tungsten Samples Were Used for Irradiation Experiments

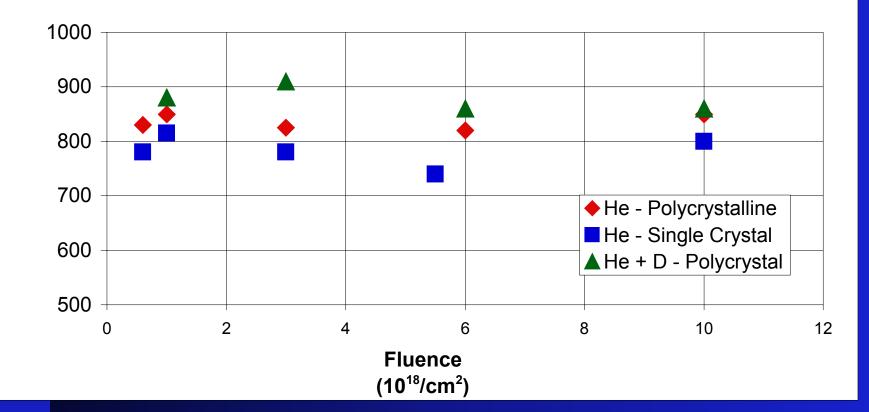
- Powder metallurgy or single crystal samples
- Obtained from Lance Snead, Oak Ridge
- Polished finish
- Spot-welded onto a W-Re wire loop





# **Experimental Conditions\***





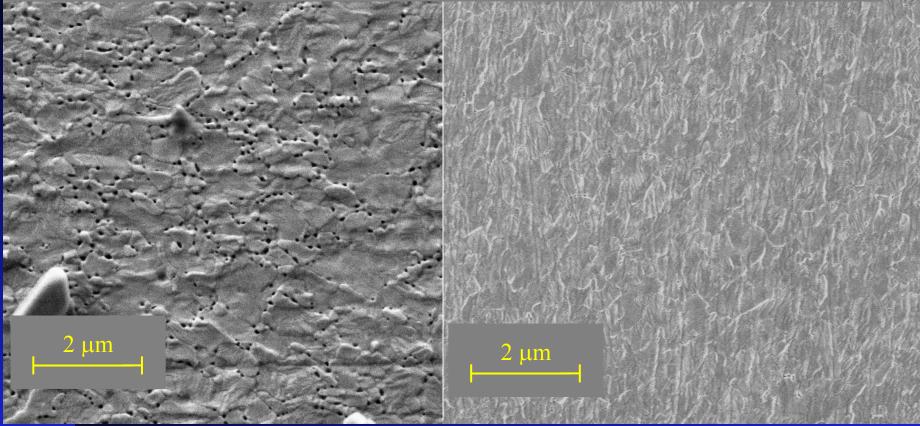
\*All experiments were performed at 30 kV, 0.5 mTorr, 2<u>+</u>1x10<sup>16</sup> #/cm<sup>2</sup>s \* Secondary Emission Coefficient of 2 was assumed for these experiments<sup>9</sup>

### **Threshold for He Pore Formation at 30 kV in Single Crystal Tungsten is Higher than Polycrystalline**



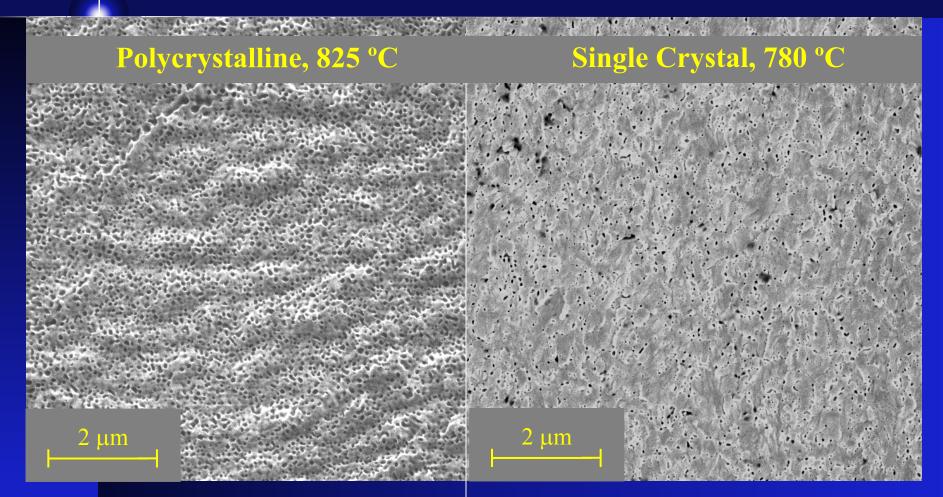
Polycrystalline, 850 °C

### Single Crystal, 815 °C



9.4 x 10<sup>8</sup> pores/cm<sup>2</sup>  $<5 x 10^7$  pores/cm<sup>2</sup> Tungsten Samples at 1x10<sup>18</sup> He<sup>+</sup>/cm<sup>2</sup>

## Single Crystal Tungsten Shows Reduced Pore Density (≈3X) at Higher Fluences



### $5.8 \times 10^9$ pores/cm<sup>2</sup>

 $2.3 \times 10^9 \text{ pores/cm}^2$ 

Tungsten Samples at 3x10<sup>18</sup> He<sup>+</sup>/cm<sup>2</sup>

## At Low Fluences, Simultaneous D<sup>+</sup> and He<sup>+</sup> Reduced Pore Density by a Factor of Four



Helium + Deuterium, 880 °C

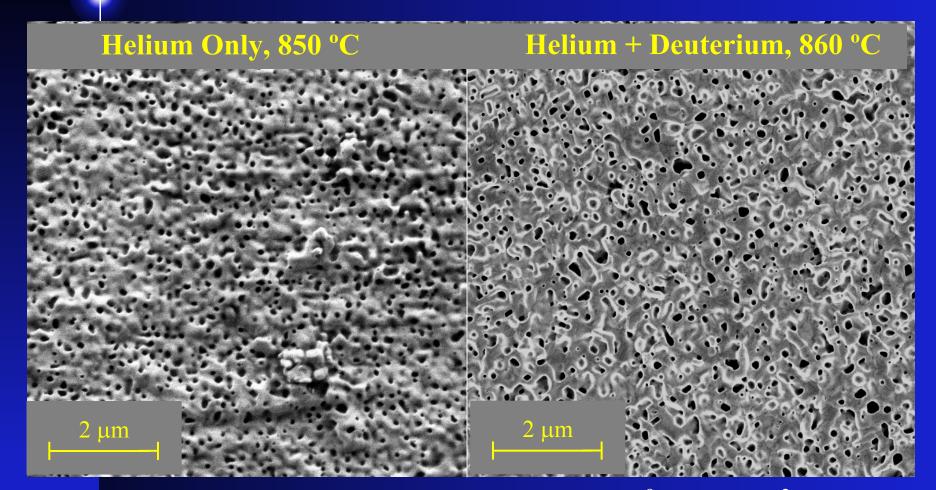
#### Helium Only, 850 °C

# <u>՝ ս</u>ա 2 um

9.4x10<sup>8</sup> pores/cm<sup>2</sup> Polycrystalline Tungsten Samples at 1x10<sup>18</sup> He<sup>+</sup>/cm<sup>2</sup>

12

### Simultaneous D<sup>+</sup> and He<sup>+</sup> Has Little Effect on Pore Density in Polycrystalline W at Higher Fluences



5.9 x 10<sup>9</sup> pores/cm<sup>2</sup> 4.1 x 10<sup>9</sup> pores/cm<sup>2</sup> Tungsten Samples at  $1x10^{19}$  He<sup>+</sup>/cm<sup>2</sup>



### Elastic Recoil Detection (ERD) Analysis Was Used to Evaluate Helium Concentrations

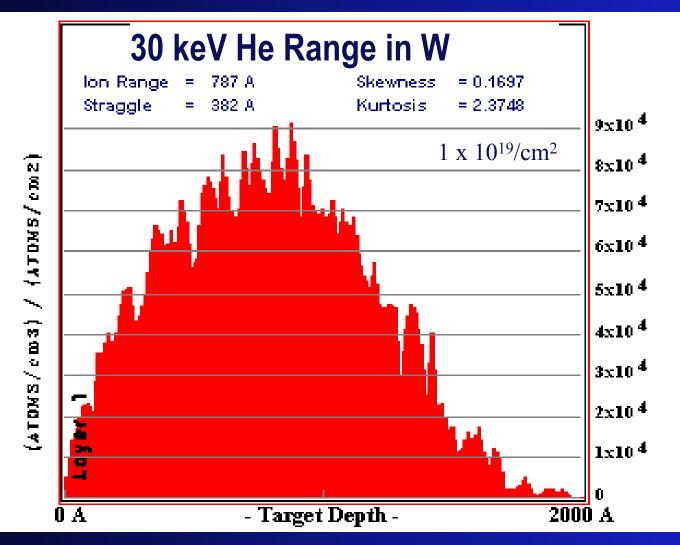
### • UW-Madison Tandem Particle Accelerator



• 8 MeV (4<sup>+</sup>) Oxygen Beam



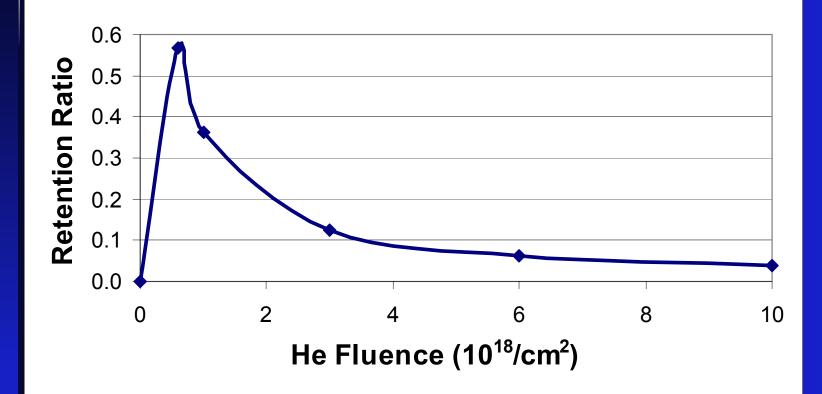
# Initial Helium Retention Profile Qualitatively Fits TRIM Calculations



# **ERD** Analysis Indicates That There May Be a Substantial Amount of He Recycle



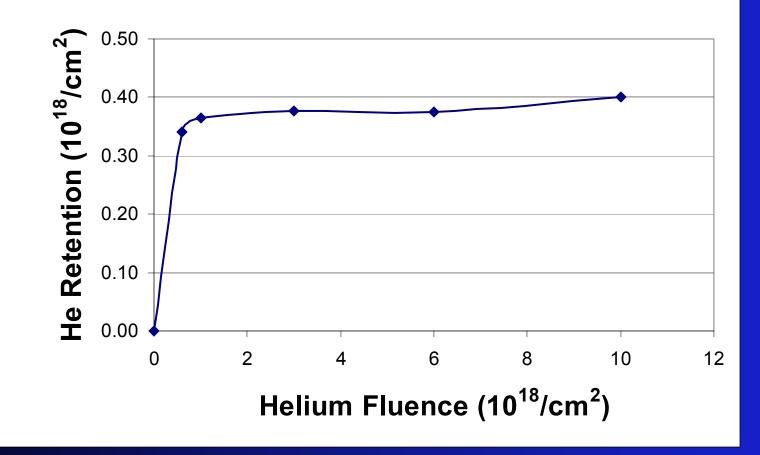
**Retention Ratio vs. Helium Fluence** 



# **ERD** Analysis Indicates Saturated Amount of Helium Retention



Helium Retention vs. Fluence



# Conclusions



- Threshold for He pore formation in single crystal tungsten is higher than polycrystalline material.
- Single crystal tungsten shows reduced surface pore density at higher fluences (10<sup>18</sup> – 10<sup>19</sup> #/cm<sup>2</sup>).
- Simultaneous D<sup>+</sup> and He<sup>+</sup> bombardment on polycrystalline tungsten reduced pore density by a factor of four at low fluences.
- At higher fluences, simultaneous D<sup>+</sup> and He<sup>+</sup> irradiation produced the same surface pore density as He<sup>+</sup> irradiation.
- Initial 30 keV helium retention profiles qualitatively fit TRIM calculations
- Elastic Recoil Detection analysis indicates saturated helium retention in polycrystalline tungsten



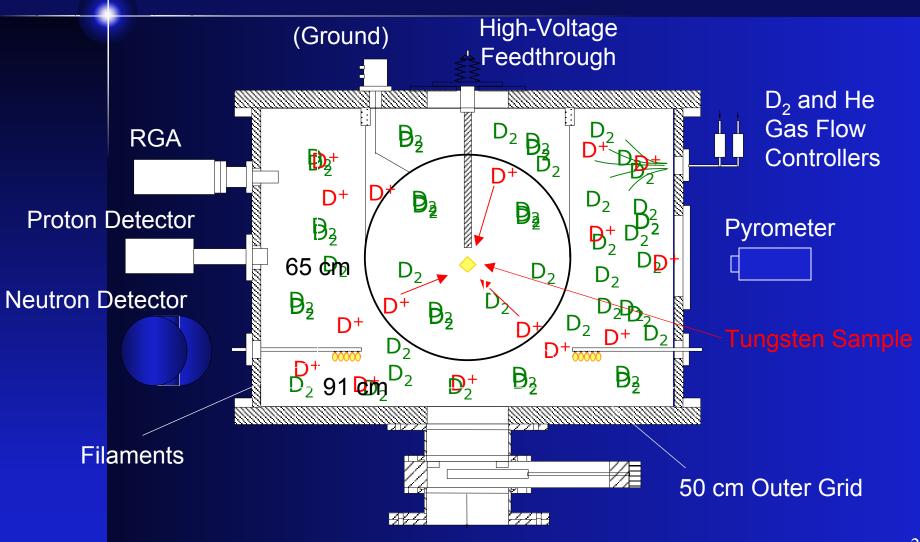
# **Future Work**

- Examine effects of alloying tungsten samples with 25% rhenium in the 700 – 1200 °C range
- Evaluate deuterium retention rates and profiles using ERD analysis
- Determine helium retention rates and profiles in single crystal tungsten samples using ERD analysis

Questions?



# IEC Device Provides Uniform Ion Fluence



### World Record Steady State D<sup>3</sup>He Fusion Reaction Rates Achieved in Wisconsin IEC Devices





