First Hour Exam NEEP-423 Oct. 5, 1998

Points Question 12 List the most commonly used materials in today's fission 1.) power plants for the following components; a.) Fuel **b.)** Cladding c.) Control Rods d.) Pressure Vessel Structural Material 16 2.) a.) What is the single largest drawback of unalloyed metallic U fuel for power reactors and why is it a problem? b.) Give 3 other reasons why reactor vendors switched from metallic U to other fuels for light water reactors in the 60's and 70's 15 3.) What were the 3 events in the 1980's that caused the public to reassess fission power? How did the IFR propose to address those problems? 4.) a.) What is the difference between Zircalloy-2 and 16 Zircalloy-4? In what kind of reactors do we use these alloys? b.) Why don't we use Zircalloy in Fast Breeder Reactors? 21 5.) Country X is suspected of making weapons grade 235 U (i. e., >90% ²³⁵U) You are part of an IAEA observation team and your intelligence network tells you that 25 canisters of UF_6 (each container has 100 kg of natural UF_6) were seen going into the plant. Furthermore the plant has a 2 MW_e electrical line going into it which is used 24 hr's a day. Exactly 1 year later you see them removing the tails which now contain 0.3% 235 U. Could they have made enough weapons grade 235 U (10 kg of $>90\%^{235}U$ for a bomb? Note : • At. Wt. of F is 19. • They used a gaseous diffusion process which requires 3 MWh/SWU () () X

$$V(\mathbf{x}_{i}) = (2\mathbf{x}_{i} - 1)\ln \frac{\mathbf{x}_{i}}{1 - \mathbf{x}_{i}}$$
$$S = V(\mathbf{x}_{p}) + \frac{W}{P}V(\mathbf{x}_{w}) - \frac{F}{P}V(\mathbf{x}_{p})$$

20 6.) a.) In the early 1970's, what was the major cause of fuel element failure in BWR's? In PWR's ? Explain, qualitatively, each mechanism.

b.) What is the major cause of fuel element failure in PWR's today? Explain.